LEGIONELLA FACT SHEET: TOURIST ACCOMMODATIONS

What is Legionella?

- Legionella is a bacteria that can cause a serious form of pneumonia (lung infection) called Legionnaire's Disease.
- Most people become infected with Legionella when they inhale water droplets that contain the bacteria.
- Legionella is found naturally in warm water and can thrive in places like hot tubs, cooling towers, drinking water, decorative fountains, and hot water tanks.
- In tourist accommodations, people can become infected by inhaling water droplets or mist created by showerheads, sinks, ice machines, cooling towers, or decorative fountains.

Why is it important to prevent Legionella?

- Legionnaire's disease is a dangerous and sometimes fatal infection.
- High risk groups for Legionella infections include:
 - Individuals over the age of 50
 - Current and former smokers
 - Individuals with conditions that weaken their immune system
- Legionella is on the rise in Georgia, with 133 cases in 2016 compared to 55 in 2011 and 38 in 2006.
- In Georgia during 2016, 91% of reported individuals with *Legionella* infections were hospitalized, and 14% died.

What you can do to stop the spread of Legionella

- Two or more Legionella cases associated with the same facility will trigger a
 public health investigation, including an environmental assessment and water
 testing.
- The Georgia Department of Public Health highly recommends that all tourist accommodations create and regularly update a water management plan to limit Legionella and other germs from growing and spreading.
 - The CDC has an online tool that can be found here: www.cdc.gov/legionella/WMPtoolkit.html
- Make sure that shower heads, sinks, ice machines, fountains and cooling towers are regularly cleaned and maintained to remove any biofilm, scale buildup, organic debris or corrosion.

Georgia Department of Public Health

 If your facility includes a pool or hot tub, please see our Pool and Hot Tub fact sheets for specific advice.